MaNGA Mapping Nearby Galaxies at APO

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Galaxies in the local Universe: blue cloud and red sequence



e.g. Faber et al. 2007







Lives of galaxies

- How does gas accretion drive the growth of disks?
- What are the relative roles of stellar accretion, major mergers and instabilities for forming bulges?

Death of galaxies

- What quenches star formation?
- How is star formation affected by groups and clusters?
- Birth of galaxies
 - What was the initial distribution of angular momentum?
 - How do baryons and stars trace and influence the dark halo?
 - Is galaxy growth the same at low and high z?

IFU studies at high z















Bundle single fibers together in IFUs

- use BOSS spectrographs
- create 17 IFUs, from 19 to 127 fibers per bundle
- Plug bundles in plates, similar to single fibers
 - integrate sky fibers with IFUs
 - 12 mini-IFUs for standard stars

Observe 10,000 galaxies, 3hr dithered exposures

- spatial resolution: 2" fibers or 1 4 kpc
- spectral resolution: 50 80 km/s (R = 2500)
- spectral coverage: 3600 10,000 A
- S/N: ~ 30 in central fiber, ~4-8 at 1.5 R_e

Bundy et al. 2015







Drory et al. 2015

Drory et al. 2015

MaNGA Hardware



17 Science IFUs per cartridge (6 total)

sizes between 19 and 127 fibers (12" – 32" across)

12 Mini-bundles (7 fibers) per cartridge
92 Sky-fibers, associated with IFUs

Operations at APO



Law et al. submitted

Observing Strategy

Observe sets of three dithered 15min exposures
 Repeat until S/N threshold is reached

 typically: 3hr

 Combine dithered sets into datacubes

= 75 um

D1

a = r/cos(30)=86.6 µm

= a/(2 * cos(30)) = 50.0 urb

Law et al. submitted

Why dither?



Wake et al. in prep

Sample Design

Selection from NYU VAGC and NASA-Sloan Atlas (Blanton et al. 2011)

- Flat stellar mass distribution
- Colour-enhanced sample (16%)
 Ancillary programs



MaNGA & APOGEE

MaNGA uses same cartridges as APOGEE

 both MaNGA and APOGEE fibers

 MaNGA observes in dark time

 APOGEE co-observes for halo stars

 APOGEE observes in bright time

 MaNGA co-observes for stellar library

Increased survey efficiency!!!

P-MaNGA

Bundy et al. 2015

Proto-type run in January 2013
 Total science yield: 18 galaxies

 6 with survey quality, 12 under less optimal conditions



p9-19D

p9-19E

p9-19B

P-MaNGA: Resolved Gas Ionisation and Chemical Abundances



P-MaNGA: Gradients in Recent Star Formation



 $\Delta X(R) = X(R) - X(0)$

Red = Centrally Quenched Blue = Centrally Star Forming

> Li et al. 2015, in press astro-ph 1502.07040

P-MaNGA: Stellar Population Maps...

spiral

ģ

8

/ log ₎₍(M

Position / arcsec



(a) SDSS Imaging data with P-MaNGA footprint in pink, previous SDSS spectra location in red.











(b) Dust extinction, E(B-V) map.



(d) Mean total metallicity map, where $Z_{\odot} = 0.02$.







(a) SDSS Imaging data with P-MaNGA footprint in pink, previous SDSS spectra location in red.



(c) Mean stellar age map.





(b) Dust extinction, E(B-V) map.

0.30



(d) Mean total metallicity map, where Z_☉ = 0.02.



Wilkinson et al. 2015, in press

... and Dust Maps



Wilkinson et al. 2015, in press

MaNGA: first plate



MaNGA: first datacube

Mrk 848: SDSS-IV/MaNGA First-Article Data Cube



David Law

MaNGA: first bonus galaxy

manga-7443-9101







Christy Tremonti





□ 10,000 galaxies are coming your way – data cubes and data products ■ Want to know more? – MaNGA overview paper: Bundy et al. 2015 – MaNGA instrumentation paper: Drory et al. 2015 - on-line: http://www.sdss.org/surveys/manga/ Follow us @MaNGASurvey



MaNGA stellar library Stellar library with same instrument as galaxy survey \rightarrow facilitate galaxy studies \square Improve λ coverage and flux calibration Improve stellar parameter coverage - e.g., carbon-stars, high Z stars in bulge



Restrictions on Hour Angle

5500 A









IFU surveys at a glance

| | Atlas3D | DiskMass | CALIFA | MASSIVE | SAMI | MaNGA |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| # of galaxies | 260 | 46 / 146 | 600 | 116 | 3,400 | 10,000 |
| galaxy types | early-type | face-on spirals | all types | massive early-types | all types | all types |
| spatial coverage | $0.6 - 1.5 R_{e}$ | $1.1 - 3 R_{e}$ | 1.8 – 3.7 R _e | $\sim 2 R_e$ | $1.1 - 2.9 R_{e}$ | 1.5 / 2.5 R _e |
| spatial sampling | 0.8" | 2.7" / 4.7" | 2.7" | 4.1" | 2.1" | 2.0" |
| spectral coverage (nm) | 480 - 538 | 498 – 538 648 – 689 | 375 - 750 370 - 475 | 365 - 585 | 370 – 570 625 – 735 | 360 - 1000 |
| spectral resolution (σ in km/s) | 98 | 16 / 13 | 150 / 69 | 100 - 150 | 75 / 28 | 50 - 80 |

source: Bundy et al. 2015, Ma et al. 2014 (MASSIVE)

SDSS 90"x90" image



CALIFA (V500/V1200)



Sánchez et al. 2014 Atlas3D









MaNGA largest FoV





FoV~1.5Re

~2.5Re



Z~Z califa





Example: galaxy in 19-fiber IFU

- extract stellar and gas kinematics, and line strengths
- discovery of counterrotating gas disc!

 Test data indicative of rich MaNGA data set

Three papers now in referee process

P-MaNGA



Richard McDermid & MaNGA Team

MaNGA kinematics

We will provide stellar and gaseous velocity and velocity dispersion maps

Plan: construct Jeans models for all galaxies

 but careful with interpreting irregulars / mergers

 Schwarzschild models for larger bundles



P-MaNGA 61 bundle

Bundy et al. 2015









0

10

10

20

- SAURON has 4800 5300A range, we have 3600 – 10,000A
 - many more emission and absorption lines
- This is only one galaxy, we will have 10,000 of them!





Star Formation KatesDynamical Models

SAURON Survey: Emsellem et al. 2004, Kuntschner et al. 2006, 2010, Sarzi et al. 2006