

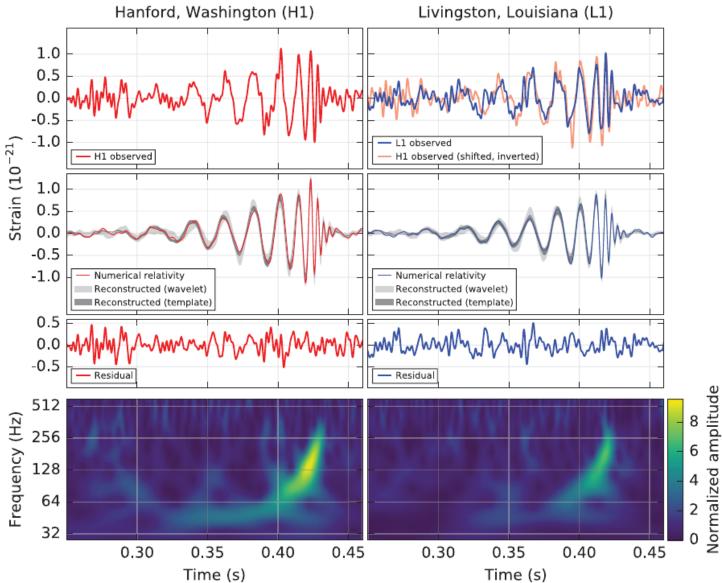
The **BlackGEM** and **MeerLICHT** telescopes

Radboud Universiteit Nijmegen

Steven Bloemen

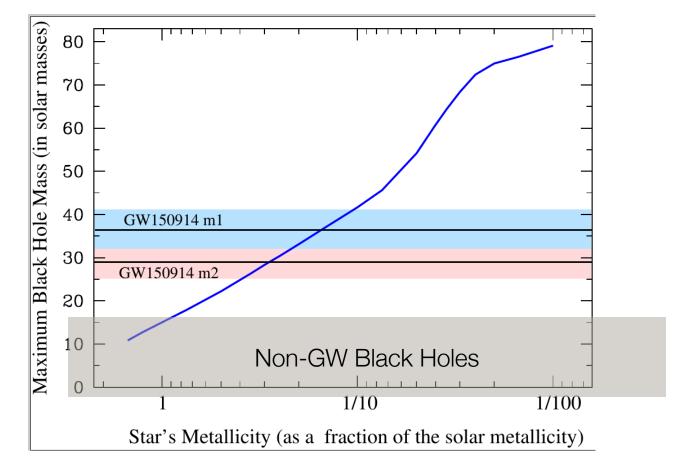
BlackGEM Project Manager Radboud University, Nijmegen, NL



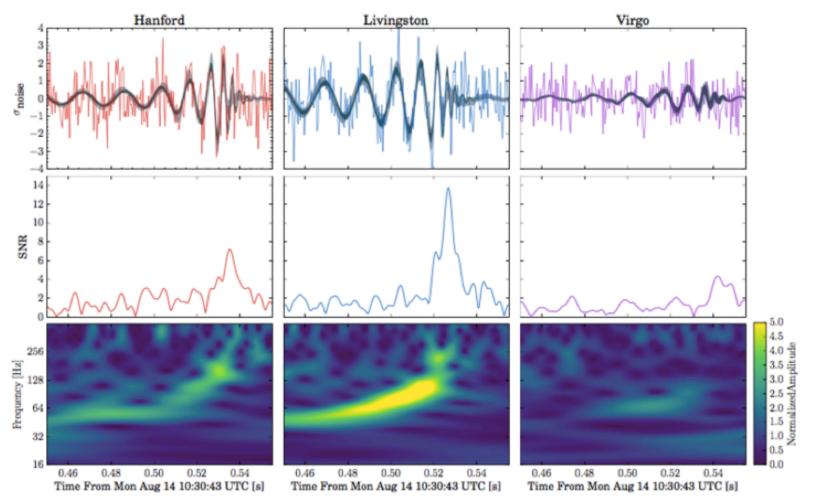


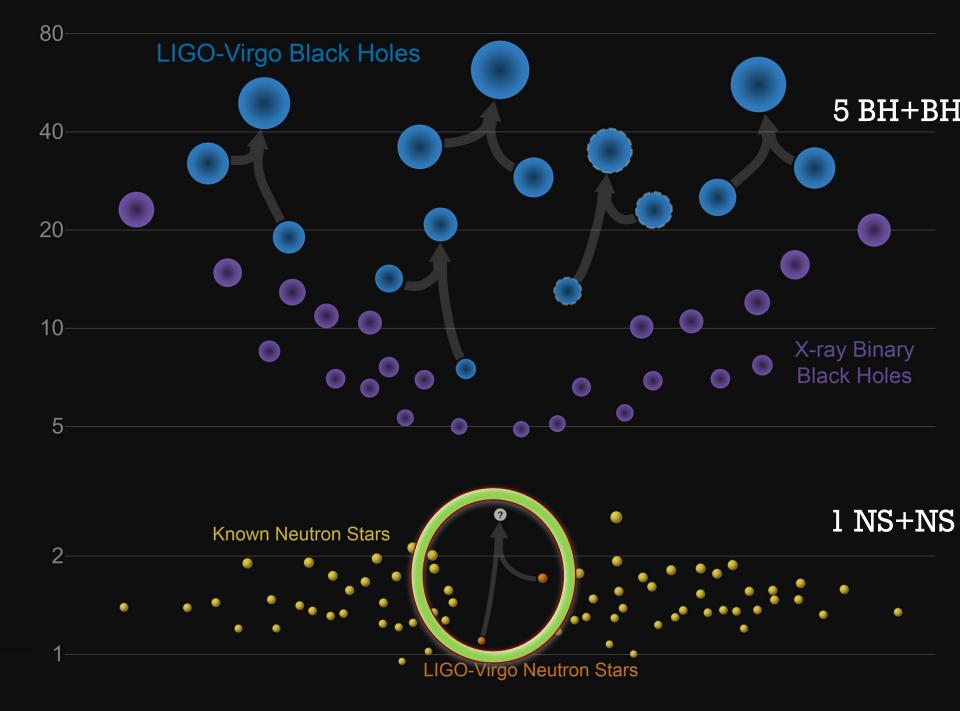
+GW150914: Astrophysical implications

- Double black holes exist
- Two BHs can merge into one heavier black hole
- Stellar mass black holes may typically be more massive than expected



14 August 2017: First detection LIGO+Virgo





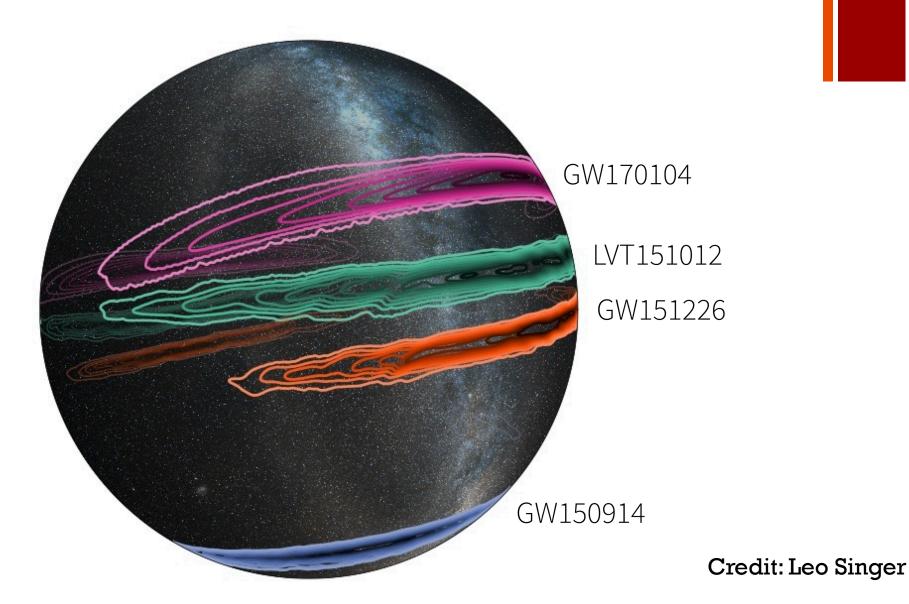
The Origin of the Solar System Elements

1 H		big	bang f	fusion			cosi	mic ray	/ fissio	n [,]							2 He
3 Li	4 Be	mer	merging neutron stars			exploding massive stars 💆				5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne		
11 Na	12 Mg	dying low mass stars			exploding white dwarfs 🙍				13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 CI	18 Ar			
19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 1	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 Ba		72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 TI	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn
87 Fr	88 Ra																
			57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71



Figure: Jennifer Johnson

Poor sky localization by LIGO+Virgo

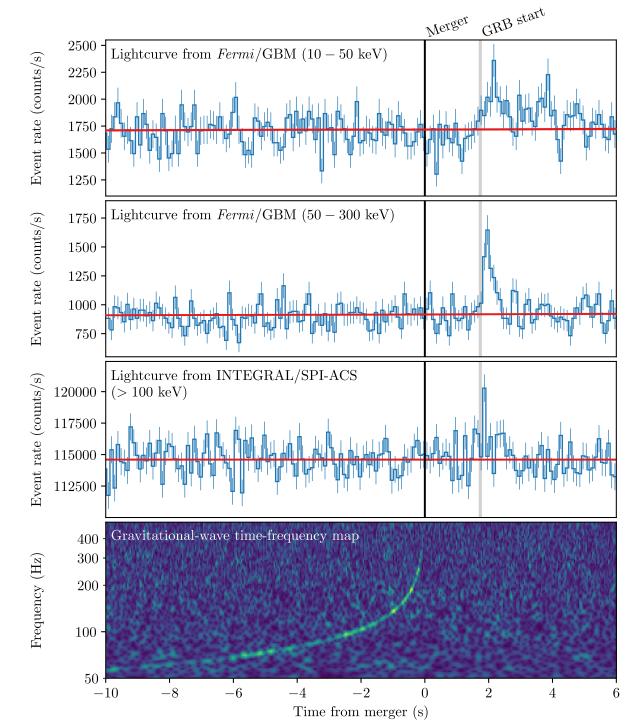


+ GW170817

First NS+NS merger detected in GWs

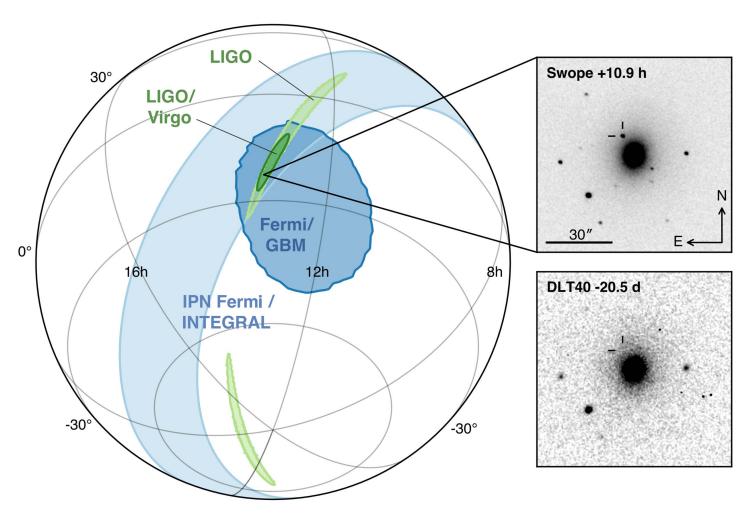
Gamma ray burst!

1.8s between GW and GRB



[Abbott et al., ApJL, 2017]

+ Sky localization confined to ~30 sqdeg



[Abbott et al., ApJL, 2017]

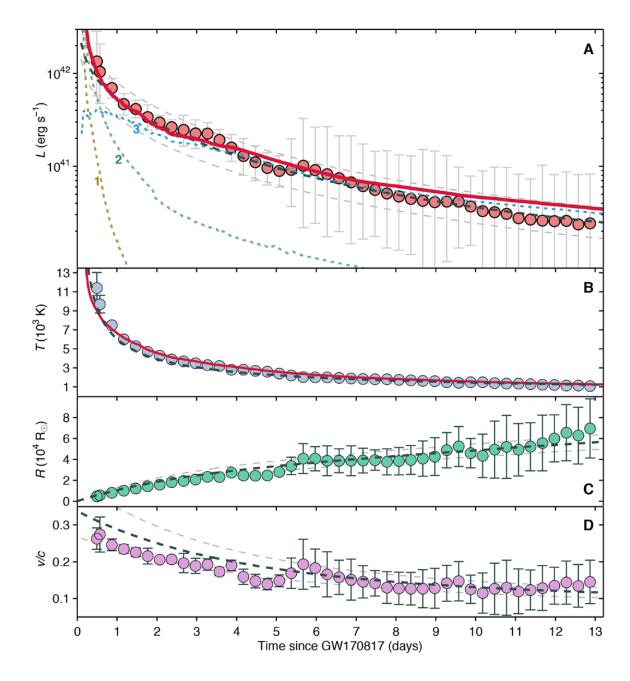
+ Detected from ra	adio to gamma rays
GW	
LIGO, Virgo	
γ-ray	
Fermi, INTEGRAL, Astrosat, IPN, Insight-HXMT, Swift, AGILE, CALET, H.E.S.S., HAV	WC, Konus-Wind
X-ray	
Swift, MAXI/GSC, NuSTAR, Chandra, INTEGRAL	
UV Swift, HST	
Optical	
Swope, DECam, DLT40, REM-ROS2, HST, Las Cumbres, SkyMapper, VISTA, MAST HCT, TZAC, LSGT, T17, Gemini-South, NTT, GROND, SOAR, ESO-VLT, KMTNet, ES BOOTES-5, Zadko, iTelescope.Net, AAT, Pi of the Sky, AST3-2, ATLAS, Danish Tel, D	SO-VST, VIRT, SALT, CHILESCOPE, TOROS,
IR	
REM-ROS2, VISTA, Gemini-South, 2MASS, Spitzer, NTT, GROND, SOAR, NOT, ESC	D-VLT, Kanata Telescope, HST
Radio Atca, vla, Askap, vlba, gmrt, mwa, lofar, lwa, alma, ovro, evn, e-mer	I IN MeerKAT Parkes SBT Effelsberg
-100 -50 0 50 10 ⁻²	10 ⁻¹ 10 ⁰ 10 ¹
$t - t_c$ (s)	$t-t_c$ (days)
[Abbott et al., ApJL, 2017]	



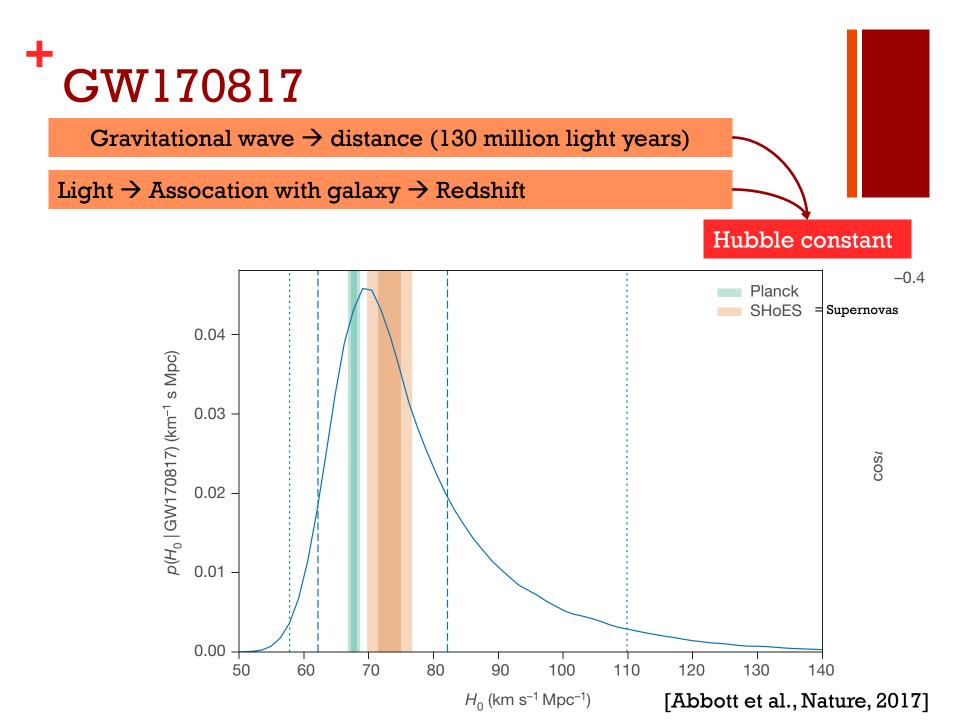
0.05 solar mass ejecta ~ 20% speed of light

Based on 1 detection → estimate number/volume/year

Enough to produce all rprocess elements



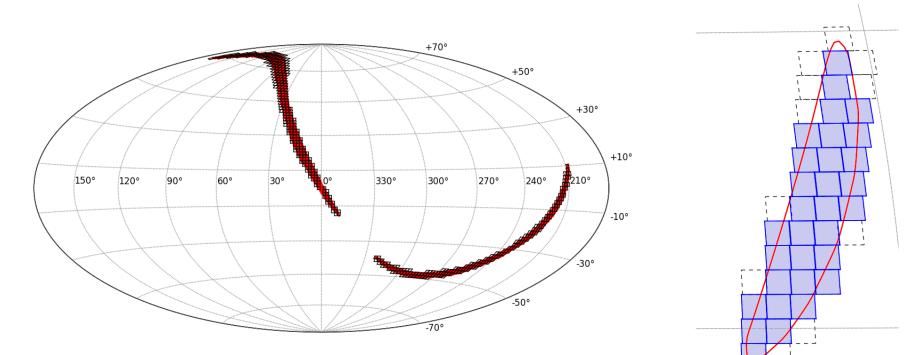
[Kasliwal et al., Science, 2017]



+ Optical counterparts to GW events

- Challenges:
 - Poor sky localization (~100 sqd)
 - Faint (22nd mag at 200 Mpc)
 - False positives
 - Gone in hours/days

- What do we need?
 - Large field of view
 - Sensitivity
 - Colour information
 - Dedicated facility for rates





BlackGEM and MeerLICHT



65 cm optical telescope 2.7 sqd FOV @ 0.56 arcsec/pix

MeerLICHT

- \rightarrow 1 (prototype) telescopes at Sutherland
- \rightarrow Optical data commensurate with MeerKAT
- → Q3-Q4 2017

BlackGEM

- \rightarrow 3 telescopes at La Silla
- \rightarrow GW follow-up
- → Q4 2018

BlackGEM Array

- Phase-I: 3 telescopes
- Southern sky: La Silla
 - GW source positions often split
 - Best (EU) follow-up possibilities: VLT/E-ELT, ALMA, SKA, etc.
 - Good seeing allows for smaller mirror
- 2.7 sqd FOV using one 110 Mpix CCD per telescope
- Thanks to good site: ~23rd mag in 5 minutes in r'



Radboud University

















+ BlackGEM site: La Silla





Typical integration time: 1 min

(background limited in all filters except u)

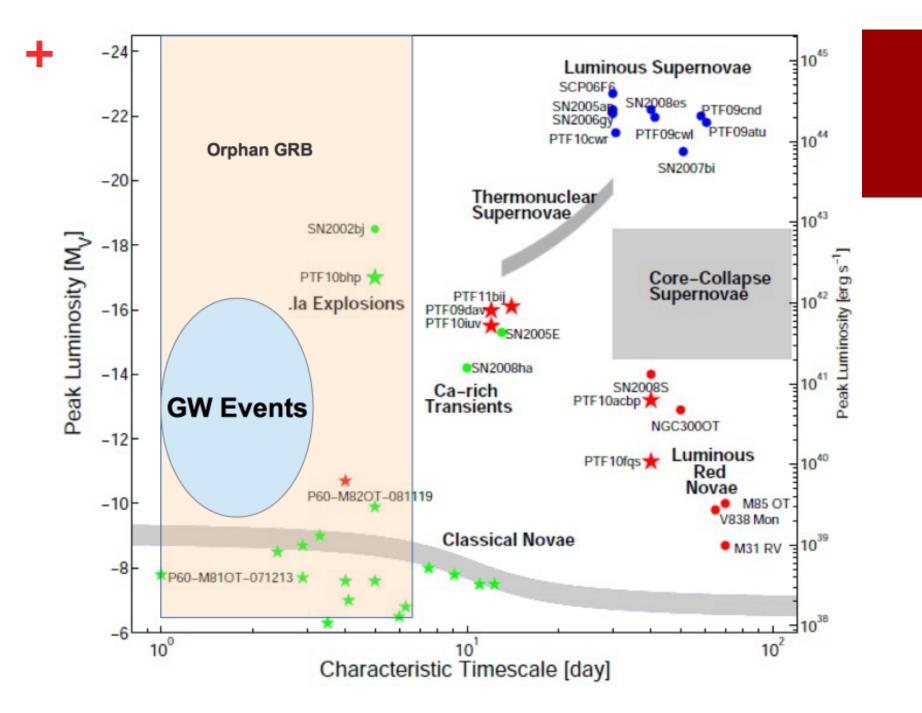
Filter	Wavelength range (nm)	Depth in $1 \min ; 5 \min (AB \max)$
u	350 - 410	19.8 ; 20.9
g	410 - 550	21.9 ; 22.9
r	563 - 690	$21.3 \ ; \ 22.3$
i	690 - 840	$20.7 \ ; \ 21.7$
\mathbf{Z}	840 - 990	$20.4 \ ; \ 21.4$
vr	440 - 720	22.2 ; 23.2

+ BlackGEM surveys

- BlackGEM Southern All Sky Survey: 'Southern Sloan' → 30 000 sqd down to 22nd mag in u,g,q,r,i,z at 1" median seeing
- BlackGEM q-band Scan: 'What was there yesterday?' → Visible 10 000 square degrees in q-band every 14 days
- BlackGEM Fast Synoptic Survey: 'What else goes bang?' → 1 min cadence, multi-colour (simultaneous), wide-field, 1-2 weeks
- BlackGEM Twilight Program: 'Local Universe transients'
 → Every twilight (30 minutes) scan Local Universe galaxies in 2 bands for new transients
 - BlackGEM Trigger Mode: 'Transients Galore' → GW error box coverage in multiple colours

GW trigger

Outgoing transient triggers



+ Consortium and data access rights

- All-sky data publicly available (ESO)
- <u>All</u> survey data available to all consortium partners, for preagreed science cases
- Working groups led by PIs and their groups, but can be joined by people from the other institutes
- Aim to make all transient detections public 'immediately'





KU LEU\











האוניברסיטה העברית בירושלים THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM

MeerLICHT



First telescope of BlackGEM type

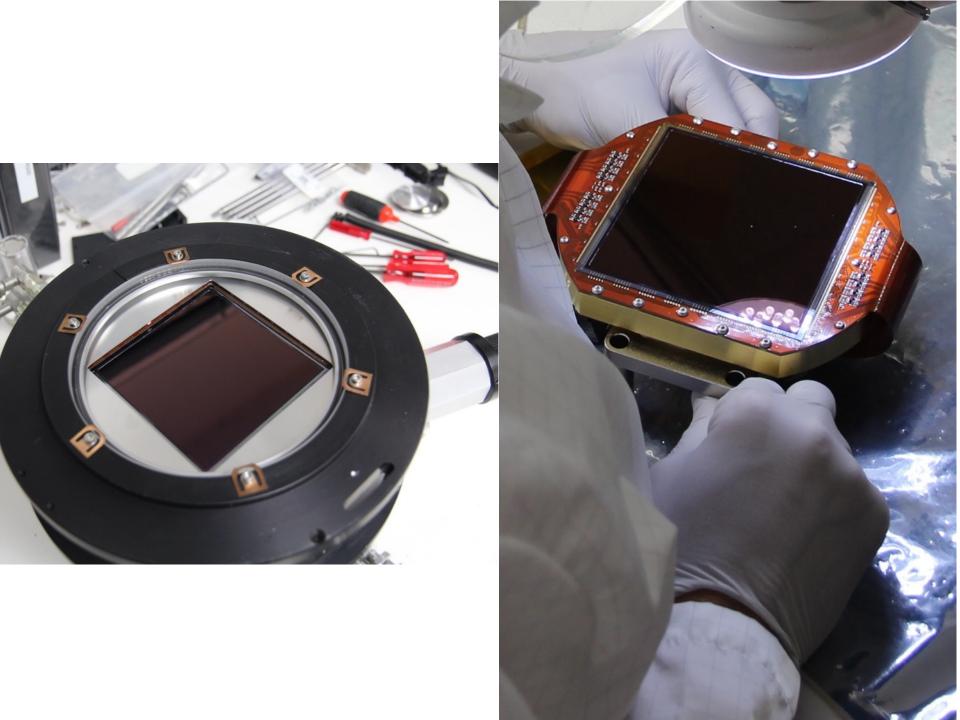
At Sutherland, South Africa

Changing transient science to truly multiwavelength

Pointing determined by MeerKAT radio telescope

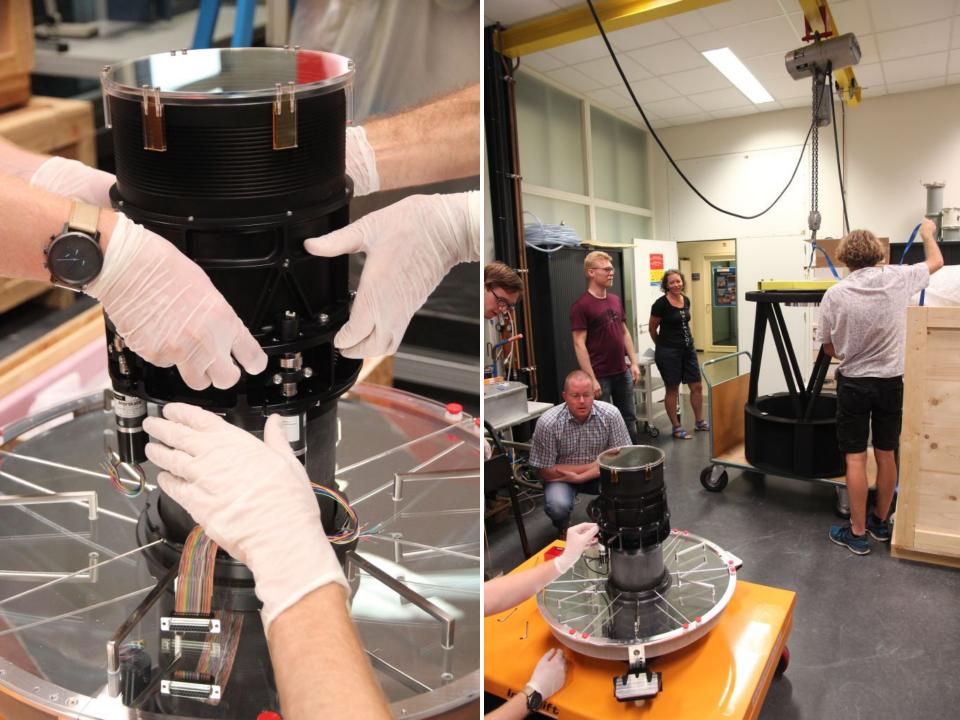
In South Africa: bridge between SALT and SKA/MeerKAT

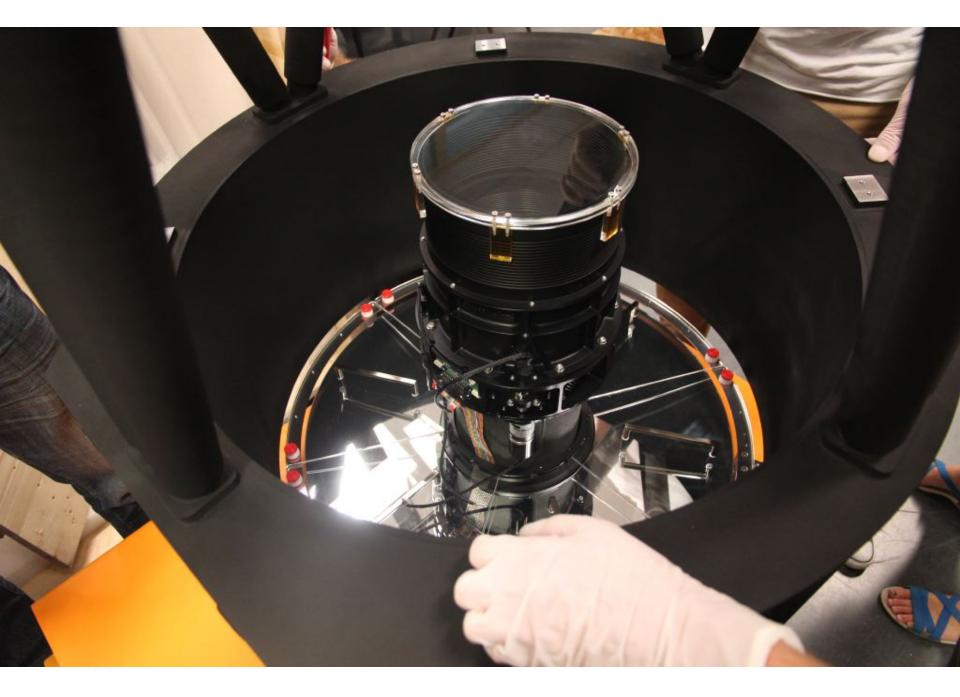
Partners: Radboud, UvA, NWO (NL); UCT, SAAO (SA); Oxford, Manchester (UK)

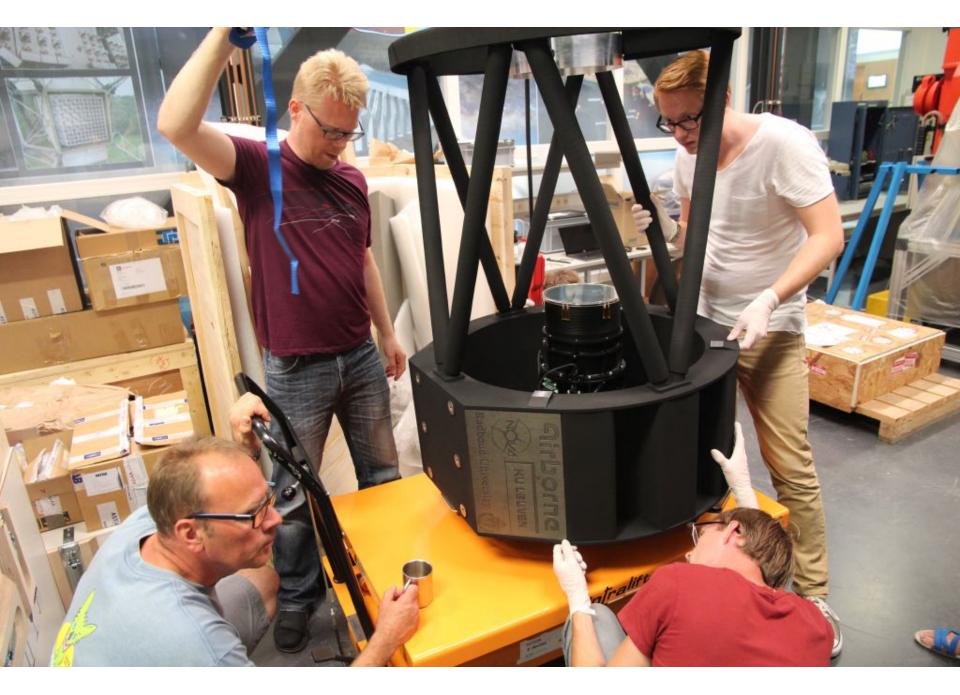












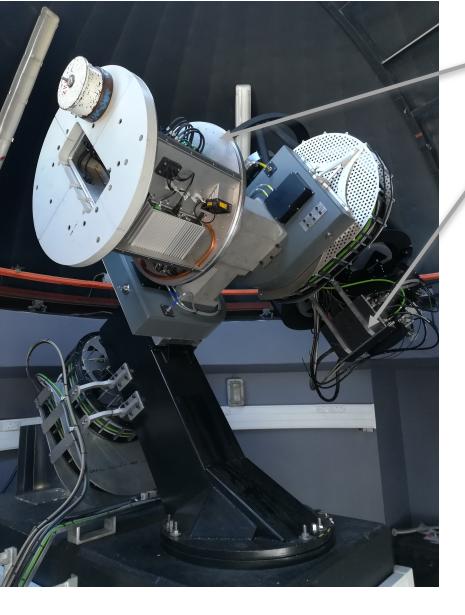
Astrodon filters: Sloan'+ wide V+R filter

G









Water cooled counterweight housing electronics

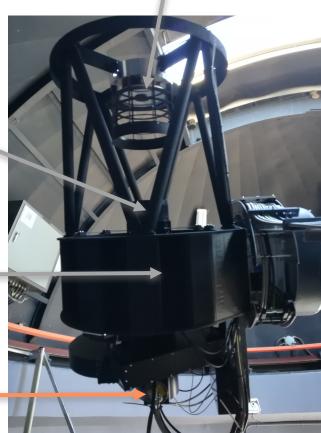
Water cooled Archon (STA) CCD controller

> M2 on piezo stage (focus + guiding)

Lens barrel with ADC

Carbon-fibre telescope

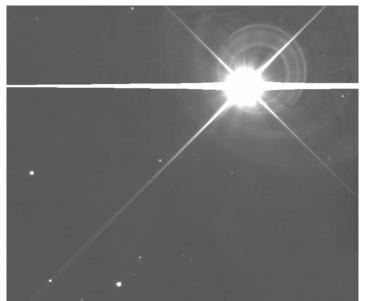
Cryostat (cryotiger cooled) STA1600 CCD (110Mpix)



Eagle Nebula MeerLICHT, August 2017 1 min exposures in 3 bands

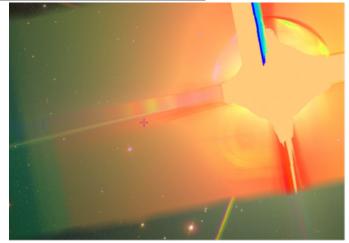
Eagle Nebula MeerLICHT, August 2017 1 min exposures in 3 bands

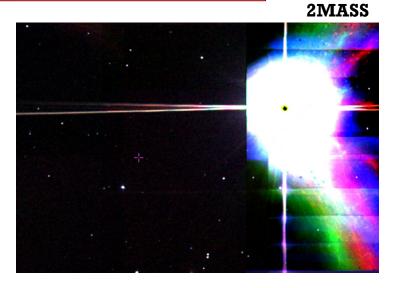
+ Ghosting: Arcturus





ML@RU





SDSS DR9

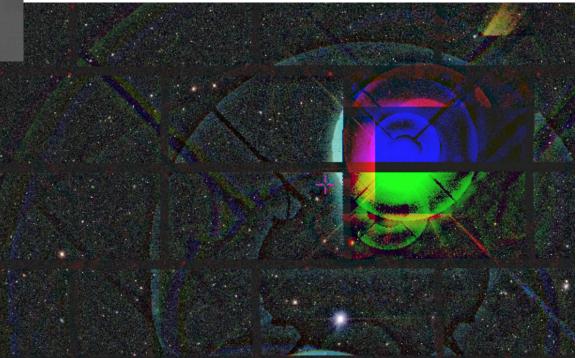
+ Ghosting: Arcturus



ML@RU



DECaLs/DR

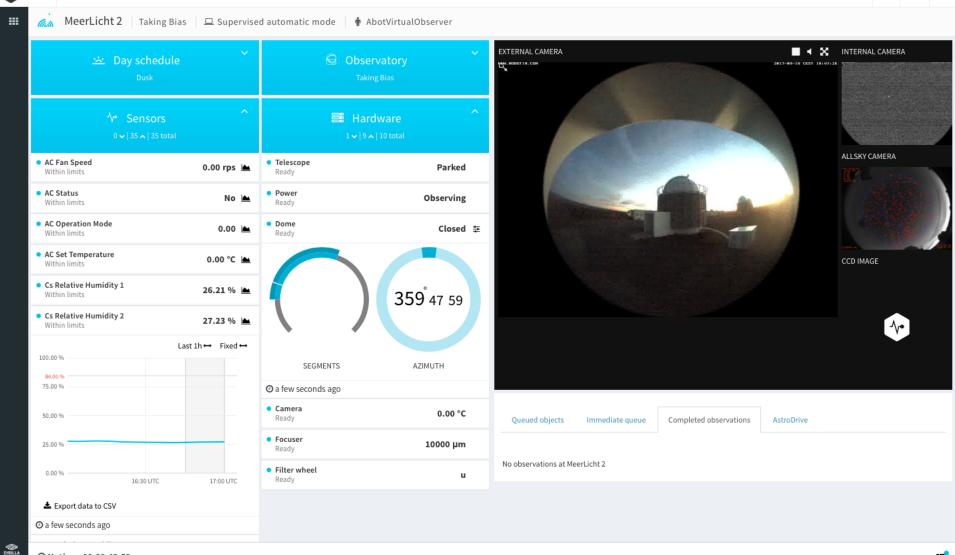


Robotic operation Software by Sybilla Technologies

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MEERLICHT

O UTC: 18/09/2017 17:00:18 LOC: 19:00:18 LST: 18:14:46 GST: 16:51:31



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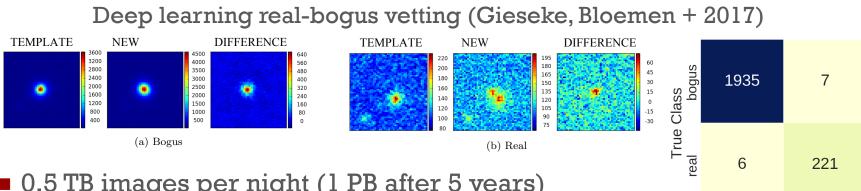


bogus

real

Prediction

Real-time transient detection pipeline (<10 mins delay)</p> using ZOGY (Zackay+2016) image subtraction and



- 0.5 TB images per night (1 PB after 5 years)
- ~10^5 source detections / minute / telescope $= \sim 10^{10} / \text{year} / \text{telescope}$ \rightarrow 150 TB light curve database
- No fibre to La Silla...

Omega Centauri MeerLICHT, August 2017 1 min exposures in 4 bands

MeerLICHT – Radio/optical transients – South Africa – operational Q1 2018 www.meerlicht.org @MeerLICHT_ZA

BlackGEM – Gravitational wave counterparts – Chile – installation Q4 2018 www.blackgem.org @BlackGEM_Array